

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 18, 2016

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 29, 2016

SENATE BILL

No. 999

Introduced by Senator Pavley

(Principal coauthor: Senator Hertzberg)

(Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Atkins, Gomez, and Gonzalez)

**(Coauthors: Senators Allen, Block, Hall, Hill, Jackson, Leyva,
Wieckowski, and Wolk)**

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Burke, Cristina Garcia, Gipson, Levine,
McCarty, and Williams)

February 10, 2016

An act to amend Section 4064.5 of the Business and Professions Code, to amend Section 1367.25 of the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Section 10123.196 of the Insurance Code, relating to contraceptives.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 999, as amended, Pavley. Health insurance: contraceptives: annual supply.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law also provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Existing law requires a health care service plan contract or health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2016, to provide coverage for women for all prescribed and FDA-approved female contraceptive drugs, devices, and products, as well as voluntary sterilization

procedures, contraceptive education and counseling, and related followup services.

This bill would require a health care service plan or a health insurance policy issued, amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2017, to cover *up to* a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered hormonal contraceptives *when* dispensed at one time ~~by a prescriber, pharmacy, or onsite for an enrollee or insured at one time by a provider, pharmacist, or at a location licensed or authorized~~ to dispense drugs or supplies. *The bill would specifically provide that a health care service plan contract or an insurance policy is not required to cover contraceptives provided by an out-of-network provider, pharmacy, or other location, except as authorized by state or federal law or by the plan or insurer's policies governing out-of-network coverage.* Because a willful violation of the bill's requirements by a health care service plan would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law authorizes a pharmacist to dispense not more than a 90-day supply of a dangerous drug other than a controlled substance pursuant to a valid prescription that specifies an initial quantity of less than a 90-day supply followed by periodic refills of that amount if the patient has met specified requirements, including having completed an initial 30-day supply of the drug. Existing law prohibits a pharmacist from dispensing a greater supply of a dangerous drug if the prescriber indicates "no change to quantity" on the prescription.

This bill would authorize a pharmacist to dispense FDA-approved, self-administered hormonal contraceptives as provided on the prescription, including a prescription for a 12-month supply, or, when dispensing pursuant to protocols developed by the Board of Pharmacy, up to a 12-month supply at one time.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. (a) The Legislature hereby finds all of the
2 following:

3 (1) California has a long history of, and commitment to,
4 expanding access to services that aim to reduce the risk of
5 unintended pregnancies and improving reproductive health
6 outcomes.

7 (2) California’s Family Planning, Access, Care, and Treatment
8 (Family PACT) Waiver-~~Program~~ *Program*, created in 1999, is
9 viewed nationally as the “gold standard” of publicly funded
10 programs providing access to reproductive health care. The
11 program has long recognized the value and importance of providing
12 women with a year’s supply of birth control.

13 (3) The Affordable Care Act (ACA) and subsequent federal
14 regulations made contraceptive coverage a national policy by
15 requiring most private health insurance plans to provide coverage
16 for a broad range of preventive services without cost sharing,
17 including FDA-approved prescription contraceptives.

18 (4) Since the passage of the ACA, many states have passed laws
19 strengthening or expanding this federal contraceptive coverage
20 requirement. In 2014, California passed the Contraceptive
21 Coverage Equity Act of 2014, which requires plans to cover all
22 prescribed FDA-approved contraceptives for women without cost
23 sharing, and requires plans to cover at least one therapeutic
24 equivalent of a prescribed contraceptive drug, device, or product.

25 (5) Numerous studies support what California has determined
26 for decades in the Family PACT program: dispensing a 12-month
27 supply of birth control at one time has numerous benefits,
28 including, but not limited to, reducing a woman’s odds of having
29 an unintended pregnancy by 30 percent, increasing contraception
30 continuation rates, and decreasing costs per client to insurers by
31 reducing the number of pregnancy tests and pregnancies.

32 (6) Access to contraception is a key element in shaping women’s
33 health and well-being. Nearly all women have used contraceptives
34 at some point in their lives, and 62 percent are currently using at
35 least one method.

36 (7) Several states have mirrored the year-supply requirement
37 for contraceptive coverage in their publicly funded family planning
38 or Medicaid programs, recognizing the health benefits of reducing

1 barriers to continuous and effective use of contraception. Recently,
2 Oregon and Washington D.C. have gone further to require private
3 health care service plans and health insurance policies to also cover
4 a 12-month supply of contraceptives. With California's history of
5 leadership in establishing public policies that increase access to
6 contraceptives, adopting a similar requirement is a natural
7 progression of our state's commitment to reducing unintended
8 pregnancy.

9 (b) It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to expand on
10 California's existing contraceptive coverage policy by requiring
11 all health care service plans and health insurance policies, including
12 both commercial and Medi-Cal managed care plans, to cover a
13 12-month supply of a prescribed FDA-approved contraceptive,
14 such as the ring, the patch, and oral contraceptives.

15 SEC. 2. Section 4064.5 of the Business and Professions Code
16 is amended to read:

17 4064.5. (a) A pharmacist may dispense not more than a 90-day
18 supply of a dangerous drug other than a controlled substance
19 pursuant to a valid prescription that specifies an initial quantity of
20 less than a 90-day supply followed by periodic refills of that
21 amount if all of the following requirements are satisfied:

22 (1) The patient has completed an initial 30-day supply of the
23 dangerous drug.

24 (2) The total quantity of dosage units dispensed does not exceed
25 the total quantity of dosage units authorized by the prescriber on
26 the prescription, including refills.

27 (3) The prescriber has not specified on the prescription that
28 dispensing the prescription in an initial amount followed by
29 periodic refills is medically necessary.

30 (4) The pharmacist is exercising his or her professional
31 judgment.

32 (b) For purposes of this section, if the prescription continues
33 the same medication as previously dispensed in a 90-day supply,
34 the initial 30-day supply under paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) is
35 not required.

36 (c) A pharmacist dispensing an increased supply of a dangerous
37 drug pursuant to this section shall notify the prescriber of the
38 increase in the quantity of dosage units dispensed.

39 (d) In no case shall a pharmacist dispense a greater supply of a
40 dangerous drug pursuant to this section if the prescriber personally

1 indicates, either orally or in his or her own handwriting, “No
2 change to quantity,” or words of similar meaning. Nothing in this
3 subdivision shall prohibit a prescriber from checking a box on a
4 prescription marked “No change to quantity,” provided that the
5 prescriber personally initials the box or checkmark. To indicate
6 that an increased supply shall not be dispensed pursuant to this
7 section for an electronic data transmission prescription as defined
8 in subdivision (c) of Section 4040, a prescriber may indicate “No
9 change to quantity,” or words of similar meaning, in the
10 prescription as transmitted by electronic data, or may check a box
11 marked on the prescription “No change to quantity.” In either
12 instance, it shall not be required that the prohibition on an increased
13 supply be manually initialed by the prescriber.

14 (e) This section shall not apply to psychotropic medication or
15 psychotropic drugs as described in subdivision (d) of Section 369.5
16 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

17 (f) Except for the provisions of subdivision (d), this section does
18 not apply to FDA-approved, self-administered hormonal
19 contraceptives.

20 (1) A prescription for FDA-approved, self-administered
21 hormonal contraceptives shall be dispensed as provided on the
22 prescription, including, but not limited to, a prescription for a
23 12-month supply.

24 (2) When a pharmacist furnishes self-administered hormonal
25 contraception pursuant to Section 4052.3 under protocols developed
26 by the Board of Pharmacy, he or she may dispense, at the patient’s
27 request, up to a 12-month supply at one time.

28 (3) *Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require a*
29 *provider to prescribe, furnish, or dispense 12 months of*
30 *self-administered hormonal contraceptives at one time.*

31 (g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a health
32 care service plan, health insurer, workers’ compensation insurance
33 plan, pharmacy benefits manager, or any other person or entity,
34 including, but not limited to, a state program or state employer, to
35 provide coverage for a dangerous drug in a manner inconsistent
36 with a beneficiary’s plan benefit.

37 SEC. 3. Section 1367.25 of the Health and Safety Code is
38 amended to read:

39 1367.25. (a) A group health care service plan contract, except
40 for a specialized health care service plan contract, that is issued,

1 amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2000, to
2 December 31, 2015, inclusive, and an individual health care service
3 plan contract that is amended, renewed, or delivered on or after
4 January 1, 2000, to December 31, 2015, inclusive, except for a
5 specialized health care service plan contract, shall provide coverage
6 for the following, under general terms and conditions applicable
7 to all benefits:

8 (1) A health care service plan contract that provides coverage
9 for outpatient prescription drug benefits shall include coverage for
10 a variety of federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved
11 prescription contraceptive methods designated by the plan. In the
12 event the patient's participating provider, acting within his or her
13 scope of practice, determines that none of the methods designated
14 by the plan is medically appropriate for the patient's medical or
15 personal history, the plan shall also provide coverage for another
16 FDA-approved, medically appropriate prescription contraceptive
17 method prescribed by the patient's provider.

18 (2) Benefits for an enrollee under this subdivision shall be the
19 same for an enrollee's covered spouse and covered nonspouse
20 dependents.

21 (b) (1) A health care service plan contract, except for a
22 specialized health care service plan contract, that is issued,
23 amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2016, shall
24 provide coverage for all of the following services and contraceptive
25 methods for women:

26 (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of
27 paragraph (2), all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices,
28 and other products for women, including all FDA-approved
29 contraceptive drugs, devices, and products available over the
30 counter, as prescribed by the enrollee's provider.

31 (B) Voluntary sterilization procedures.

32 (C) Patient education and counseling on contraception.

33 (D) Followup services related to the drugs, devices, products,
34 and procedures covered under this subdivision, including, but not
35 limited to, management of side effects, counseling for continued
36 adherence, and device insertion and removal.

37 (2) (A) Except for a grandfathered health plan, a health care
38 service plan subject to this subdivision shall not impose a
39 deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing

1 requirement on the coverage provided pursuant to this subdivision.
2 Cost sharing shall not be imposed on any Medi-Cal beneficiary.

3 (B) If the FDA has approved one or more therapeutic equivalents
4 of a contraceptive drug, device, or product, a health care service
5 plan is not required to cover all of those therapeutically equivalent
6 versions in accordance with this subdivision, as long as at least
7 one is covered without cost sharing in accordance with this
8 subdivision.

9 (C) If a covered therapeutic equivalent of a drug, device, or
10 product is not available, or is deemed medically inadvisable by
11 the enrollee's provider, a health care service plan shall provide
12 coverage, subject to a plan's utilization management procedures,
13 for the prescribed contraceptive drug, device, or product without
14 cost sharing. Any request by a contracting provider shall be
15 responded to by the health care service plan in compliance with
16 the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, as set forth
17 in this chapter and, as applicable, with the plan's Medi-Cal
18 managed care contract.

19 (3) Except as otherwise authorized under this section, a health
20 care service plan shall not impose any restrictions or delays on the
21 coverage required under this subdivision.

22 (4) Benefits for an enrollee under this subdivision shall be the
23 same for an enrollee's covered spouse and covered nonspouse
24 dependents.

25 (5) For purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subdivision,
26 "health care service plan" shall include Medi-Cal managed care
27 plans that contract with the State Department of Health Care
28 Services pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000)
29 and Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200) of Part 3 of
30 Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

31 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a
32 religious employer may request a health care service plan contract
33 without coverage for FDA-approved contraceptive methods that
34 are contrary to the religious employer's religious tenets. If so
35 requested, a health care service plan contract shall be provided
36 without coverage for contraceptive methods.

37 (1) For purposes of this section, a "religious employer" is an
38 entity for which each of the following is true:

39 (A) The inculcation of religious values is the purpose of the
40 entity.

1 (B) The entity primarily employs persons who share the
2 religious tenets of the entity.

3 (C) The entity serves primarily persons who share the religious
4 tenets of the entity.

5 (D) The entity is a nonprofit organization as described in
6 Section 6033(a)(3)(A)(i) or (iii) of the Internal Revenue Code of
7 1986, as amended.

8 (2) Every religious employer that invokes the exemption
9 provided under this section shall provide written notice to
10 prospective enrollees prior to enrollment with the plan, listing the
11 contraceptive health care services the employer refuses to cover
12 for religious reasons.

13 (d) (1) Every health care service plan contract that is issued,
14 amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2017, shall
15 cover *up to* a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered
16 hormonal contraceptives *when dispensed by a prescriber or*
17 *pharmacy at one time to an enrollee: at one time for an enrollee*
18 *by a provider, pharmacist, or at a location licensed or otherwise*
19 *authorized to dispense drugs or supplies.*

20 ~~(2) If a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered~~
21 ~~hormonal contraceptives is dispensed onsite at a location licensed~~
22 ~~or otherwise authorized to dispense drugs or supplies, the health~~
23 ~~care service plan shall cover the 12-month supply.~~

24 (2) *Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require a*
25 *health care service plan contract to cover contraceptives provided*
26 *by an out-of-network provider, pharmacy, or location licensed or*
27 *otherwise authorized to dispense drugs or supplies, except as may*
28 *be otherwise authorized by state or federal law or by the plan's*
29 *policies governing out-of-network coverage.*

30 (3) *Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require a*
31 *provider to prescribe, furnish, or dispense 12 months of*
32 *self-administered hormonal contraceptives at one time.*

33 (e) This section shall not be construed to exclude coverage for
34 contraceptive supplies as prescribed by a provider, acting within
35 his or her scope of practice, for reasons other than contraceptive
36 purposes, such as decreasing the risk of ovarian cancer or
37 eliminating symptoms of menopause, or for contraception that is
38 necessary to preserve the life or health of an enrollee.

39 (f) This section shall not be construed to deny or restrict in any
40 way the department's authority to ensure plan compliance with

1 this chapter when a plan provides coverage for contraceptive drugs,
2 devices, and products.

3 (g) This section shall not be construed to require an individual
4 or group health care service plan contract to cover experimental
5 or investigational treatments.

6 (h) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

7 (1) “Grandfathered health plan” has the meaning set forth in
8 Section 1251 of PPACA.

9 (2) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and
10 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
11 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
12 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
13 issued thereunder.

14 (3) With respect to health care service plan contracts issued,
15 amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2016, “provider” means
16 an individual who is certified or licensed pursuant to Division 2
17 (commencing with Section 500) of the Business and Professions
18 Code, or an initiative act referred to in that division, or Division
19 2.5 (commencing with Section 1797) of this code.

20 SEC. 4. Section 10123.196 of the Insurance Code is amended
21 to read:

22 10123.196. (a) An individual or group policy of disability
23 insurance issued, amended, renewed, or delivered on or after
24 January 1, 2000, through December 31, 2015, inclusive, that
25 provides coverage for hospital, medical, or surgical expenses, shall
26 provide coverage for the following, under the same terms and
27 conditions as applicable to all benefits:

28 (1) A disability insurance policy that provides coverage for
29 outpatient prescription drug benefits shall include coverage for a
30 variety of federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved
31 prescription contraceptive methods, as designated by the insurer.
32 If an insured’s health care provider determines that none of the
33 methods designated by the disability insurer is medically
34 appropriate for the insured’s medical or personal history, the insurer
35 shall, in the alternative, provide coverage for some other
36 FDA-approved prescription contraceptive method prescribed by
37 the patient’s health care provider.

38 (2) Coverage with respect to an insured under this subdivision
39 shall be identical for an insured’s covered spouse and covered
40 nonspouse dependents.

(b) (1) A group or individual policy of disability insurance, except for a specialized health insurance policy, that is issued, amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2016, shall provide coverage for all of the following services and contraceptive methods for women:

(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (2), all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and other products for women, including all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and products available over the counter, as prescribed by the insured's provider.

(B) Voluntary sterilization procedures.

(C) Patient education and counseling on contraception.

(D) Followup services related to the drugs, devices, products, and procedures covered under this subdivision, including, but not limited to, management of side effects, counseling for continued adherence, and device insertion and removal.

(2) (A) Except for a grandfathered health plan, a disability insurer subject to this subdivision shall not impose a deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage provided pursuant to this subdivision.

(B) If the FDA has approved one or more therapeutic equivalents of a contraceptive drug, device, or product, a disability insurer is not required to cover all of those therapeutically equivalent versions in accordance with this subdivision, as long as at least one is covered without cost sharing in accordance with this subdivision.

(C) If a covered therapeutic equivalent of a drug, device, or product is not available, or is deemed medically inadvisable by the insured's provider, a disability insurer shall provide coverage, subject to an insurer's utilization management procedures, for the prescribed contraceptive drug, device, or product without cost sharing. Any request by a contracting provider shall be responded to by the disability insurer in compliance with Section 10123.191.

(3) Except as otherwise authorized under this section, an insurer shall not impose any restrictions or delays on the coverage required under this subdivision.

(4) Coverage with respect to an insured under this subdivision shall be identical for an insured's covered spouse and covered nonspouse dependents.

(c) This section shall not be construed to deny or restrict in any way any existing right or benefit provided under law or by contract.

1 (d) This section shall not be construed to require an individual
2 or group disability insurance policy to cover experimental or
3 investigational treatments.

4 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a
5 religious employer may request a disability insurance policy
6 without coverage for contraceptive methods that are contrary to
7 the religious employer's religious tenets. If so requested, a
8 disability insurance policy shall be provided without coverage for
9 contraceptive methods.

10 (1) For purposes of this section, a "religious employer" is an
11 entity for which each of the following is true:

12 (A) The inculcation of religious values is the purpose of the
13 entity.

14 (B) The entity primarily employs persons who share the religious
15 tenets of the entity.

16 (C) The entity serves primarily persons who share the religious
17 tenets of the entity.

18 (D) The entity is a nonprofit organization pursuant to Section
19 6033(a)(3)(A)(i) or (iii) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
20 amended.

21 (2) Every religious employer that invokes the exemption
22 provided under this section shall provide written notice to any
23 prospective employee once an offer of employment has been made,
24 and prior to that person commencing that employment, listing the
25 contraceptive health care services the employer refuses to cover
26 for religious reasons.

27 (f) (1) A group or individual policy of disability insurance,
28 except for a specialized health insurance policy, that is issued,
29 amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2017, shall
30 cover up to a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered
31 hormonal contraceptives ~~when dispensed by a prescriber or~~
32 ~~pharmacy at one time to an insured; at one time for an insured by~~
33 ~~a provider, pharmacist, or at a location licensed or otherwise~~
34 ~~authorized to dispense drugs or supplies.~~

35 ~~(2) If a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered~~
36 ~~hormonal contraceptives is dispensed onsite at a location licensed~~
37 ~~or otherwise authorized to dispense drugs or supplies, the insurer~~
38 ~~shall cover the 12-month supply.~~

39 (2) *Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require a*
40 *policy to cover contraceptives provided by an out-of-network*

1 *provider, pharmacy, or location licensed or otherwise authorized*
2 *to dispense drugs or supplies, except as may be otherwise*
3 *authorized by state or federal law or by the insurer's policies*
4 *governing out-of-network coverage.*

5 (3) *Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require a*
6 *provider to prescribe, furnish, or dispense 12 months of*
7 *self-administered hormonal contraceptives at one time.*

8 (g) This section shall not be construed to exclude coverage for
9 contraceptive supplies as prescribed by a provider, acting within
10 his or her scope of practice, for reasons other than contraceptive
11 purposes, such as decreasing the risk of ovarian cancer or
12 eliminating symptoms of menopause, or for contraception that is
13 necessary to preserve the life or health of an insured.

14 (h) This section only applies to disability insurance policies or
15 contracts that are defined as health benefit plans pursuant to
16 subdivision (a) of Section 10198.6, except that for accident only,
17 specified disease, or hospital indemnity coverage, coverage for
18 benefits under this section applies to the extent that the benefits
19 are covered under the general terms and conditions that apply to
20 all other benefits under the policy or contract. This section shall
21 not be construed as imposing a new benefit mandate on accident
22 only, specified disease, or hospital indemnity insurance.

23 (i) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

24 (1) "Grandfathered health plan" has the meaning set forth in
25 Section 1251 of PPACA.

26 (2) "PPACA" means the federal Patient Protection and
27 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the
28 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
29 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance
30 issued thereunder.

31 (3) With respect to policies of disability insurance issued,
32 amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2016, "health care
33 provider" means an individual who is certified or licensed pursuant
34 to Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of the Business and
35 Professions Code, or an initiative act referred to in that division,
36 or Division 2.5 (commencing with Section 1797) of the Health
37 and Safety Code.

38 SEC. 5. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
39 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
40 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school

1 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
2 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
3 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
4 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
5 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
6 Constitution.

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